SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Identity	No-Toil Biodegradable Foam Filter Oil Aerosol
Alternate Names	No-Toil Biodegradable Foam Filter Oil Aerosol
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or i	mixture and uses advised against
Intended use	See Technical Data Sheet.
Application Method	See Technical Data Sheet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee	st
Company Name	No-Toil Industries
	1327 Harter Rd.
	Yuba City, CA 95993
Emergency	
CHEMTREC (USA)	(800) 424-9300
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.	(530) 671-4645
Customer Service: No-Toil Industries	

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Gas 1;H220	Extremely flammable gas.
Press. Gas;H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Flam. Liq. 2;H225	Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.
Eye Irrit. 2;H319	Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Page 1 of 10

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235+410 Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

P377 Leaking gas fire - do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Polymerised Fatty Acid CAS Number: Proprietary	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1]
Liquefied Petroleum Gases CAS Number: Proprietary	10 - 25	Press. Gas;H280 Flam. Gas 1;H220	[1]
Alcohol CAS Number: Proprietary	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance. *The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

4. First aid measures

1	
4.1. Description of	of first aid measures
General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth. Place individual on the left side with the head down. If individual is conscious and alert, induce vomiting by giving syrup of ipecac or by gently placing two fingers at the back of the throat. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.
4.2. Most importa	ant symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Overview	Eye contact - Exposure can cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness and swelling.
	Skin contact – Exposure may cause mild skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking, and skin burns. Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this material. Skin absorption possible, but harmful effects are not expected from this route of exposure under normal conditions of handling and use.
	Inhalation – Contains asphyxiant gases. Intentional inhalation of gases may cause headache, fatigue, weakness, mental confusion, mood disturbances, and decreased coordination and judgment. Severe overexposure may produce more serious symptoms, including coma and death.
	Ingestion –single dose oral toxicity is low, swallowing small amounts during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects; swallowing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms may include:
	Gastrointestinal irritation (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea)
	 Impaired coordination Central nervous system depression.
	Respiratory depression
	 Low blood pressure Effects on heart rate
	Mild, reversable liver effects
	 Pulmonary edema Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.
	Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from
	Page 3 of 10

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Eyes Causes serious eye irritation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, alcohol foam

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: May form toxic materials; carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Specific fire fighting procedures: Wear self contained breathing apparatus with a full facepieceoperatied in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting fires. Water may not be effective for fighting fires, water may be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool until fire is out.

Unusual fire and explosion hazards: Aerosols may burst at tempuratures above 120°f. Contents under pressure. Cool uninvolved containers to prevent possible bursting. Floors may be slippery where materials are released.

ERG Guide No. 126

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb liquid with absorbent material.

Large spill: eliminate all ignition sources. Prevent run-off to sewers, streams and other bodies of water, follow all local, state and federal regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Page 4 of 10

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Contents under pressure. Handle as to avoid puncturing container(s). When used as intended no additional protective equipment is necessary. Use goggles if likelyhood of eye contact. Wash unintentional residue with soap and water. See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: No data available.

Store aerosol containers in cool, dry, well ventilated areas, away from heat and direct sunlight. Avoid temperatures above 120°F (49°C). Keep away from any incompatible material (see section 10). Protect containers against physical damage. To avoid unintentional spraying keep protective cap in place when not in use.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
Proprietary	roprietary Liquefied Petroleum Gases		No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
Proprietary Alcohol	OSHA	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m3)STEL 500 ppm	
	ACGIH	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm Revised 2003,	
	NIOSH	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m3) ST 500 ppm (1225 mg/m3)	
	Supplier	No Established Limit	
Proprietary Polymerised Fatty Acid		OSHA	No Established Limit
	ACGIH	No Established Limit	
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
Proprietary	Liquefied Petroleum Gases	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
Proprietary	Alcohol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

Proprietary	Polymerised Fatty Acid	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls	
Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Protective safety glasses recommended
Skin	
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.
See eastion 2 for further	detaila [Dravantian]:

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

Red Liquid
Slight Alcohol
Not determined
Not Measured
Gas
Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured
Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured
Not Measured

9. Physical and chemical properties

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

High temperature above 120° F (49°C). Do not use with aluminum equipment. Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents, acids, chlorine, acetaldehyde, ethylene oxide, isocyanates.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May form toxic materials; carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Polymerised Fatty Acid - (Proprietary)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available
Liquefied Petroleum Gases - (Proprietary)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available
Alcohol - (Proprietary)	4,710.00, Rat -	12,800.00, Rat -	72.60, Rat -	No data	No data
	Category: 5	Category: NA	Category: NA	available	available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data. **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Polymerised Fatty Acid - (Proprietary)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Liquefied Petroleum Gases - (Proprietary)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Alcohol - (Proprietary)	1,400.00, Lepomismacrochirus	100.00, Daphnia magna	100.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmussubspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA		
14.1. UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN1950, Aerosols, Limited Quantity, 2.1, NA	Aerosols, Limited Quantity	Aerosols, Limited Quantity		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 2.1	IMDG: 2.1 Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: 2.1		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazards					
MDG Marine Pollutant: No					
14.6. Special precautions for user					
Νο	further information				

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.		
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	A B2 D2B F		
US EPA Tier II Hazards	Fire: Yes		
Sudden Release of Pressure: Yes			
Reactive: No			

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Alcohol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

SDS Revision Date:

07/09/2015

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Alcohol

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Alcohol

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

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